FILED RECEIVED ENTERED SERVED ON COUNSEL/PARTIES OF RECORD 1 **Becky Grubbs** In Pro Per 2 2730 Powder Drive JAN 17 2007 Reno, Nevada 89503 (775) 747 0570 3 Plaintiff, In Pro Per ERK US DISTRICT COURT 4 DISTRICT OF NEVADA DEPUTY IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COLURT 5 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 6 7 3:07-cv-00030 CASE NO. BECKY GRUBBS. 8 Plaintiff. 9 COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND 10 VS. 11 HARRAH'S ENTERTAINMENT, INC., and DOES I-X, 12 Defendants. 13 14 COMES NOW plaintiff, in pro per, and hereby complains of defendants as follows: 15 Parties, Venue, Jurisdiction and Jury Demand 16 1. Plaintiff is an adult, competent woman who was previously employed in Nevada by 17 Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (hereinafter "Harrah's). Plaintiff has obtained a "Notice of Right to 18 Sue" from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. This "Complaint and Jury 19 Demand" is timely filed in accordance therewith. All, or almost all, acts, statements and 20 omissions herein alleged occurred in northern Nevada. All, or almost all, witnesses resided (or 21 resided as of the times the acts, statements and omissions occurred) in northern Nevada. Plaintiff 22 resides in northern Nevada. Plaintiff hereby requests a jury trial relative to all issues so triable. 23 2. Defendant Harrah's is a corporation, or other entity, which maintains a sizeable 24 business operation, i.e., a casino/restaurant/hotel operation in northern Nevada, where at plaintiff 25 was previously employed and where at the statements, omissions and actions herein alleged 26 occurred. At all relevant times herein mentioned defendant Harrah's employed at least fifteen 27 28 Page 1 of 5

Case 3:07-cv-00030-BES-RAM Document 1 Filed 01/18/07 Page 1 of 5

persons, on a full-time basis.

- 3. Venue is proper in this Court because the plaintiff resides in northern Nevada; most of the witnesses reside in northern Nevada; and all, or almost all, of the acts, statements and omissions alleged herein occurred in northern Nevada. Venue exists pursuant to Title 28, section 1391(e).
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to Title 28, section 1331 and/or section 1343, as well as Title 42, section 2000e, et seq.
- 5. Doe defendants I-X are persons, corporations, partnerships or other entities which are responsible for plaintiff's injuries or damages. When plaintiff ascertains the correct identities of these defendant(s), she will seek leave of this Court to amend this "Complaint and Jury Demand" so as to name the defendant(s) herein and thereby hold them legally responsible.

First Cause of Action

(Hostile Work Environment)

- 6. Plaintiff hereby incorporates the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 5, inclusive, as well as all other allegations of the "Complaint and Jury Demand," as though the same were fully stated herein.
- 7. Plaintiff opposed sexual harassment and age discrimination in defendant's workplace and did so by complaining thereof and retaining counsel. In January, 2005, plaintiff entered into a settlement with defendant Harrah's. Pursuant to said settlement defendant agreed to refrain from harassment of plaintiff and to otherwise provide plaintiff with a workplace free of hostility. Plaintiff was induced to enter said settlement based on the provision of only a nominal sum. The primary consideration consisted of defendant's promise to provide plaintiff with a workplace free of hostility. Defendant Harrah's committed fraud in the inducement, i.e., defendant Harrah's did not intend to honor the terms of the settlement. Regardless whether Harrah's actually committed fraud, Harrah's subsequently breached the agreement, i.e., plaintiff need not prove a fraudulent mind-set, as of the date the agreement was entered into in order to allege the causes of action

1.2

herein stated.

- 8. In response to plaintiff's opposition to sexual harassment and/or age discrimination, and in breach of the January, 2005 settlement agreement, defendant subjected plaintiff to retaliatory hostility, which although was not intrinsically "sexual" or erotic in character, was motivated by plaintiff's opposition to sexual harassment and/or age discrimination. For instance, plaintiff's work performance was subjected to excessive scrutiny; plaintiff was directly threatened by a Harrah's Human Resources employee, i.e., if plaintiff made any additional complaints "without proof" her employment would be terminated; negative comments and/or observations were memorialized in plaintiff's personnel file; positive notes or letters, written by guests (which would normally have been placed in plaintiff's personnel file pursuant to Harrah's standard practice) were omitted, and plaintiff was thereby deprived of a bonus or bonuses; private medical information re plaintiff was disseminated in defendant's work environment and at least one of defendant's employees subjected plaintiff to derision using such information; plaintiff's work area was reduced; plaintiff was threatened by a managerial employee in the employ of defendant Harrah's; plaintiff was denied a favorable schedule; and plaintiff was subjected to other forms of hostility and adverse actions.
- 9. Any diminution or deficiency in plaintiff's work performance was the proximate result of the illegal and actionable hostility directed at plaintiff, and/or the sexual harassment/age discrimination plaintiff was subjected to.
- 10. As a direct and proximate result of being subjected to actionable hostility, as described above, plaintiff suffered emotional distress, lost wages and/or income, feelings of humiliation and anger, and loss of enjoyment of life. It has been necessary for plaintiff to incur costs in order to attempt to vindicate her federally protected right to a workplace free of sexual harassment and retaliatory harassment.
- 11. As a further direct and proximate result plaintiff suffered a constructive/wrongful discharge, which occurred on May 22, 2006. Plaintiff sustained loss of wages and benefits as a

result.

12. The January, 2005, settlement should be regarded as a nullity, i.e., it should be rescinded. Plaintiff hereby offers to return the nominal sum paid by defendant Harrah's and asks this Court to rescind the settlement. Plaintiff alleges the agreement was obtained by fraud, i.e., defendant Harrah's never intended to honor the agreement and used the agreement as a ploy to attempt to limit its liability. Plaintiff hereby requests compensation for the underlying sexual harassment and age discrimination and alleges the retaliatory hostility to which she was subjected, and which is alleged herein, is part of a continuing course of conduct. As a result of being subjected to the harassment and/or retaliation herein alleged plaintiff was injured and damaged as described herein. Defendant Harrah's waived any limitations defenses, as well as any other procedural defenses, and is estopped from asserting such based on the fact Harrah's misled plaintiff into believing she had resolved her claim of harassment via the 2005 settlement and had thereby secured a work environment free of actionable hostility and discrimination.

Second Cause of Action

(Retaliation)

- 13. Plaintiff hereby incorporates and re-alleges the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 12, inclusive, as though the same were fully stated herein.
- 14. Some of the actions taken against plaintiff, e.g., the reduction of plaintiff's work area (which caused a diminution in plaintiff's income by diminishing the amount of money plaintiff earned in tips), constituted retaliation, as prohibited by section 704 of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, as well as constituting retaliation linked to plaintiff's opposition to age discrimination. The threats plaintiff was subjected to contributed both to the existence of an actionable, hostile work environment, and also constituted retaliation. Furthermore, the transmutation of erotic, or sexual hostility, into facially neutral hostility, and the creation and maintenance of a work environment permeated with retaliatory hostility was itself an act of retaliation. The constructive/wrongful discharge which plaintiff suffered constituted retaliation.

15. As a direct and proximate result of being subjected to retaliation, plaintiff was injured and was damaged as described herein.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff requests relief as follows:

- 1. For awards of compensatory damages;
- 2. For an award of punitive damages;
- 3. For special, or economic damages according to proof;
- 4. For an award of attorney's fees in the event plaintiff obtains counsel; and
- 5. For further relief, such as the Court or jury may deem just and proper, including for instance, an award of injunctive relief to compel the defendant to adopt and actually enforce a reasonable policy against retaliatory hostility and retaliation and the appointment of a Court Master to oversee the enforcement of injunctive relief.

DATED this / day of January, 2007.

BECKY GRUBBS In Pro Per